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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/927,850	08/10/2001	Andrew Welcher	99,372-F	6938
20306 7.	590 08/23/2002			
MCDONNELL BOEHNEN HULBERT & BERGHOFF 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE			EXAMINER	
			ANDRES, JANET L	
SUITE 3200	60606	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CHICAGO, IL	00000		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1646	
			DATE MAILED: 08/23/2002	9

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	Office Antique O	09/927,850	WELCHER ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Janet L Andres	1646			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 J	una 2002				
2a)□	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	is action is non-final.				
<i>'</i>	,					
3)[	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i>					
Disposit	on of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) $\underline{1-20}$ is/are pending in the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	,				
6)⊠	DIX Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		÷			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)[	The proposed drawing correction filed on		ed by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) 🔲 Notica	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>8</u> .		PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Art Unit: 1646

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group II, SEQ ID Nos 5 and 6, in paper no. 7 is acknowledged. The restriction requirement is made FINAL. Claims 1-20 are pending in this application and are examined in light of the elected sequences.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 3. Claims 2-9 and 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a polypeptide comprising SEQ ID NO:5, does not reasonably provide enablement for variants or fragments of the polypeptide. No particular activity, conserved regions or structures required for function are set forth in the specification. Since the biological activity or essential characteristics of the parent polypeptide are therefore not defined in the specification, one of skill in the art would not be able to make fragments or variants of polypeptides possessing the same activity or properties as the claimed invention. The amino acid sequence of a polypeptide determines its structural and functional properties, and predictability of which amino acids can be substituted is extremely complex and well outside the realm of routine experimentation, because accurate predictions of a polypeptide's structure from mere sequence data are limited. Since detailed information regarding the structural and

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functional requirements of IFN-L is lacking, it is unpredictable as to which sequence encoding fragments and variations, if any, would have the properties of IFN-L. Therefore, without further guidance as to the essential properties of IFN-L, it would require undue experimentation by one of skill in the art to make and use the invention.

- Claims 1, 2, 4, 7-9, 11-17, 19, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Applicants' referral to the deposit of PTA-976 on p. 5 is an insufficient assurance that all of the conditions of 37 CFR sections 1.801 through 1.809 have been met. If the deposit was made under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty, filing of an affidavit or declaration by applicants, assignees or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature and registration number stating that the deposit has been accepted by an International Depository Authority under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty, that all restrictions upon public access to the deposits will be irrevocably removed upon the grant of a patent on this application and that the deposit will be replaced if viable samples cannot be dispensed by the depository is required. This requirement is necessary when deposits are made under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty as the Treaty leaves these specific matters to the discretion of each State. Additionally, amendment of the specification to recite the date of the deposit, the complete name and address of the depository, and the accession number of the deposited cell line is required.
- 5. Claims 2-9 and 11-20 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to

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reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Applicant has disclosed two polynucleotide sequences and encoded polypeptides. However, the claims include fragments, molecules with limited homology, and molecules with an unlimited number of truncations, deletions, and insertions. They thus encompass polypeptides that vary substantially in length and also in composition. The instant disclosure of these two polynucleotides thus does not adequately describe the scope of the claimed genus of polypeptides, which encompasses a substantial variety of subgenera. A description of a genus of cDNAs may be achieved by means of a recitation of a representative number of cDNAs, defined by nucleotide sequence, falling within the scope of the genus or of a recitation of structural features common to members of the genus, which features constitute a substantial portion of the genus. Regents of the University of California v. Eli Lilly & Co., 119 F3d 1559, 1569, 43 USPQ2d 1398, 1406 (Fed. Cir. 1997). The instant specification fails to provide sufficient descriptive information, such as definitive structural or functional features of the claimed genus of polypeptides. There is no description of the conserved regions which are critical to the structure and function of the genus claimed. There is no description of the sites at which variability may be tolerated and there is no information regarding the relation of structure to function. Structural features that could distinguish the compounds in the genus from other compounds are missing from the disclosure. Furthermore, the prior art does not provide compensatory structural or correlative teachings sufficient to enable one of skill to isolate and identify the polypeptides encompassed: there is no guidance in the art as to what the defining characteristics of IFN-L might be. Thus, no identifying characteristics or properties of the

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instant polypeptides are provided such that one of skill would be able to predictably identify the encompassed molecules as being identical to those instantly claimed. In addition, claims 2, 7-9, 11-15, 17, 19, and 20 encompass allelic variants and splice variants. These are molecules with particular characteristics that exist in nature, and Applicant's description of a genus is not sufficient to describe these species.

Since the disclosure fails to describe the common attributes or characteristics that identify members of the genus, the disclosure of two polynucleotide sequences and the encoded polypeptides is insufficient to describe the genus. One of skill in the art would reasonably conclude that the disclosure fails to provide a representative number of species to describe and enable the genus as broadly claimed.

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Claims 2-9 and 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 2, 7-9, and 11-15 recite "orthologs". However, there is no definition in the specification that would limit the amount of variability that would be encompassed by the term; one of skill in the art would not know what molecules Applicant intended to fall within the scope of the claims.

Claims 4-6 and 16-20 encompass molecules identified by hybridization. However, hybridization conditions are not defined in the specification: only examples are provided on p.

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18. Thus one of skill in the art would not be able to determine what molecules were encompassed by Applicant's claims.

Claims 2-9, 11-15, and 17-20 are indefinite in the recitation of "an activity of the polypeptide". No such activities are set forth in the specification.

## NO CLAIM IS ALLOWED.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Janet Andres, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (703) 305-0557. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday and every other Friday from 8:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler, Ph.D., can be reached at (703) 308-6564. The fax phone number for this group is (703) 305-3014 or (703) 308-4242.

Communications via internet mail regarding this application, other than those under U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [yvonne.eyler@uspto.gov].

All Internet email communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly

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set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and

Trademark Office on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Janet Andres, Ph.D. August 13, 2002

YVONNE EYLER, PH.D SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600